CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1544

Chapter 83, Laws of 1993

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

CRIMINAL PENALTIES ESTABLISHED BY CITIES, TOWNS, AND COUNTIES TO BE UNIFORM WITH STATE LAW

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/1/94

Passed by the House March 11, 1993 Yeas 96 Nays 0

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 6, 1993 Yeas 47 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Alan Thompson, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL**1544 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

R. LORRAINE WOJAHN

President of the Senate

ALAN THOMPSON

Chief Clerk

Approved April 21, 1993

FILED

April 21, 1993 - 2:17 p.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1544

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Appelwick and Johanson)

Read first time 03/03/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to uniform criminal penalties; amending RCW
- 2 35.20.030, 35.22.280, 35.23.440, 35.24.290, 35.27.370, 35A.11.020, and
- 3 36.32.120; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new
- 4 section to chapter 36.01 RCW; repealing RCW 35.24.230 and 35.27.320;
- 5 and providing an effective date.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW
- 8 to read as follows:
- 9 Except as limited by the maximum penalty authorized by law, no
- 10 city, code city, or town, may establish a penalty for an act that
- 11 constitutes a crime under state law that is different from the penalty
- 12 prescribed for that crime by state statute.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 36.01 RCW
- 14 to read as follows:
- 15 Except as limited by the maximum penalty authorized by law, no
- 16 county may establish a penalty for an act that constitutes a crime
- 17 under state law that is different from the penalty prescribed for that
- 18 crime by state statute.

1 **Sec. 3.** RCW 35.20.030 and 1984 c 258 s 801 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 The municipal court shall have jurisdiction to try violations of 4 all city ordinances and all other actions brought to enforce or recover 5 license penalties or forfeitures declared or given by any such It is empowered to forfeit cash bail or bail bonds and 6 7 issue execution thereon, to hear and determine all causes, civil or 8 criminal, arising under such ordinances, and to pronounce judgment in 9 accordance therewith: PROVIDED, That for a violation of the criminal 10 provisions of an ordinance no greater punishment shall be imposed than a fine of five thousand dollars or imprisonment in the city jail not to 11 exceed one year, or both such fine and imprisonment, but the punishment 12 for any criminal ordinance shall be the same as the punishment provided 13 in state law for the same crime. All civil and criminal proceedings in 14 15 municipal court, and judgments rendered therein, shall be subject to review in the superior court by writ of review or on appeal: PROVIDED, 16 17 That an appeal from the court's determination or order in a traffic infraction proceeding may be taken only in accordance with RCW 18 19 46.63.090(5). Costs in civil and criminal cases may be taxed as 20 provided in district courts.

- 21 **Sec. 4.** RCW 35.22.280 and 1990 c 189 s 3 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- 23 Any city of the first class shall have power:
- 24 (1) To provide for general and special elections, for questions to 25 be voted upon, and for the election of officers;
- 26 (2) To provide for levying and collecting taxes on real and 27 personal property for its corporate uses and purposes, and to provide 28 for the payment of the debts and expenses of the corporation;
- (3) To control the finances and property of the corporation, and to acquire, by purchase or otherwise, such lands and other property as may be necessary for any part of the corporate uses provided for by its charter, and to dispose of any such property as the interests of the corporation may, from time to time, require;
- 34 (4) To borrow money for corporate purposes on the credit of the 35 corporation, and to issue negotiable bonds therefor, on such conditions 36 and in such manner as shall be prescribed in its charter; but no city 37 shall, in any manner or for any purpose, become indebted to an amount

- in the aggregate to exceed the limitation of indebtedness prescribed by chapter 39.36 RCW as now or hereafter amended;
- 3 (5) To issue bonds in place of or to supply means to meet maturing 4 bonds or other indebtedness, or for the consolidation or funding of the 5 same;
- 6 (6) To purchase or appropriate private property within or without
 7 its corporate limits, for its corporate uses, upon making just
 8 compensation to the owners thereof, and to institute and maintain such
 9 proceedings as may be authorized by the general laws of the state for
 10 the appropriation of private property for public use;

12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

28

2930

31

3233

- (7) To lay out, establish, open, alter, widen, extend, grade, pave, plank, establish grades, or otherwise improve streets, alleys, avenues, sidewalks, wharves, parks, and other public grounds, and to regulate and control the use thereof, and to vacate the same, and to authorize or prohibit the use of electricity at, in, or upon any of said streets, or for other purposes, and to prescribe the terms and conditions upon which the same may be so used, and to regulate the use thereof;
- (8) To change the grade of any street, highway, or alley within its corporate limits, and to provide for the payment of damages to any abutting owner or owners who shall have built or made other improvements upon such street, highway, or alley at any point opposite to the point where such change shall be made with reference to the grade of such street, highway, or alley as the same existed prior to such change;
- (9) To authorize or prohibit the locating and constructing of any railroad or street railroad in any street, alley, or public place in such city, and to prescribe the terms and conditions upon which any such railroad or street railroad shall be located or constructed; to provide for the alteration, change of grade, or removal thereof; to regulate the moving and operation of railroad and street railroad trains, cars, and locomotives within the corporate limits of said city; and to provide by ordinance for the protection of all persons and property against injury in the use of such railroads or street railroads;
- 35 (10) To provide for making local improvements, and to levy and 36 collect special assessments on property benefited thereby, and for 37 paying for the same or any portion thereof;
- 38 (11) To acquire, by purchase or otherwise, lands for public parks 39 within or without the limits of such city, and to improve the same.

When the language of any instrument by which any property is so 1 2 acquired limits the use of said property to park purposes and contains a reservation of interest in favor of the grantor or any other person, 3 4 and where it is found that the property so acquired is not needed for 5 park purposes and that an exchange thereof for other property to be dedicated for park purposes is in the public interest, the city may, 6 with the consent of the grantor or such other person, his heirs, 7 8 successors, or assigns, exchange such property for other property to be 9 dedicated for park purposes, and may make, execute, and deliver proper 10 conveyances to effect the exchange. In any case where, owing to death 11 or lapse of time, there is neither donor, heir, successor, or assignee 12 to give consent, this consent may be executed by the city and filed for 13 record with an affidavit setting forth all efforts made to locate people entitled to give such consent together with the facts which 14 15 establish that no consent by such persons is attainable. property so conveyed by the city shall vest in the grantee free and 16 17 clear of any trust in favor of the public arising out of any prior dedication for park purposes, but the right of the public shall be 18 19 transferred and preserved with like force and effect to the property 20 received by the city in such exchange;

- 21 (12) To construct and keep in repair bridges, viaducts, and 22 tunnels, and to regulate the use thereof;
- (13) To determine what work shall be done or improvements made at the expense, in whole or in part, of the owners of the adjoining contiguous, or proximate property, or others specially benefited thereby; and to provide for the manner of making and collecting assessments therefor;
- (14) To provide for erecting, purchasing, or otherwise acquiring waterworks, within or without the corporate limits of said city, to supply said city and its inhabitants with water, or authorize the construction of same by others when deemed for the best interests of such city and its inhabitants, and to regulate and control the use and price of the water so supplied;
- 34 (15) To provide for lighting the streets and all public places, and 35 for furnishing the inhabitants thereof with gas or other lights, and to 36 erect, or otherwise acquire, and to maintain the same, or to authorize 37 the erection and maintenance of such works as may be necessary and 38 convenient therefor, and to regulate and control the use thereof;

- (16) To establish and regulate markets, and to provide for the 1 weighing, measuring, and inspection of all articles of food and drink 2 offered for sale thereat, or at any other place within its limits, by 3 4 proper penalties, and to enforce the keeping of proper legal weights and measures by all vendors in such city, and to provide for the 5 inspection thereof. Whenever the words "public markets" are used in 6 7 this chapter, and the public market is managed in whole or in part by 8 a public corporation created by a city, the words shall be construed to 9 include all real or personal property located in a district or area 10 designated by a city as a public market and traditionally devoted to providing farmers, crafts vendors and other merchants with retail space 11 to market their wares to the public. Property located in such a 12 district or area need not be exclusively or primarily used for such 13 traditional public market retail activities and may include property 14 15 used for other public purposes including, but not limited to, the 16 provision of human services and low-income or moderate-income housing; 17 (17) To erect and establish hospitals and pesthouses, and to
- 19 (18) To provide for establishing and maintaining reform schools for 20 juvenile offenders;

control and regulate the same;

18

32

3334

35

3637

38

- (19) To provide for the establishment and maintenance of public libraries, and to appropriate, annually, such percent of all moneys collected for fines, penalties, and licenses as shall be prescribed by its charter, for the support of a city library, which shall, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by ordinance, be open for use by the public;
- 27 (20) To regulate the burial of the dead, and to establish and 28 regulate cemeteries within or without the corporate limits, and to 29 acquire land therefor by purchase or otherwise; to cause cemeteries to 30 be removed beyond the limits of the corporation, and to prohibit their 31 establishment within two miles of the boundaries thereof;
 - (21) To direct the location and construction of all buildings in which any trade or occupation offensive to the senses or deleterious to public health or safety shall be carried on, and to regulate the management thereof; and to prohibit the erection or maintenance of such buildings or structures, or the carrying on of such trade or occupation within the limits of such corporation, or within the distance of two miles beyond the boundaries thereof;

p. 5 SHB 1544.SL

- 1 (22) To provide for the prevention and extinguishment of fires and 2 to regulate or prohibit the transportation, keeping, or storage of all 3 combustible or explosive materials within its corporate limits, and to 4 regulate and restrain the use of fireworks;
- 5 (23) To establish fire limits and to make all such regulations for 6 the erection and maintenance of buildings or other structures within 7 its corporate limits as the safety of persons or property may require, 8 and to cause all such buildings and places as may from any cause be in 9 a dangerous state to be put in safe condition;
- 10 (24) To regulate the manner in which stone, brick, and other 11 buildings, party walls, and partition fences shall be constructed and 12 maintained;
- (25) To deepen, widen, dock, cover, wall, alter, or change the channels of waterways and courses, and to provide for the construction and maintenance of all such works as may be required for the accommodation of commerce, including canals, slips, public landing places, wharves, docks, and levees, and to control and regulate the use thereof;
- 19 (26) To control, regulate, or prohibit the anchorage, moorage, and 20 landing of all watercrafts and their cargoes within the jurisdiction of 21 the corporation;
- (27) To fix the rates of wharfage and dockage, and to provide for the collection thereof, and to provide for the imposition and collection of such harbor fees as may be consistent with the laws of the United States;
- 26 (28) To license, regulate, control, or restrain wharf boats, tugs, 27 and other boats used about the harbor or within such jurisdiction;
- (29) To require the owners of public halls or other buildings to 28 provide suitable means of exit; to provide for the prevention and 29 abatement of nuisances, for the cleaning and purification of 30 watercourses and canals, for the drainage and filling up of ponds on 31 private property within its limits, when the same shall be offensive to 32 33 the senses or dangerous to health; to regulate and control, and to prevent and punish, the defilement or pollution of all streams running 34 35 through or into its corporate limits, and for the distance of five miles beyond its corporate limits, and on any stream or lake from which 36 37 the water supply of said city is taken, for a distance of five miles beyond its source of supply; to provide for the cleaning of areas, 38 vaults, and other places within its corporate limits which may be so 39

- 1 kept as to become offensive to the senses or dangerous to health, and 2 to make all such quarantine or other regulations as may be necessary
- 3 for the preservation of the public health, and to remove all persons
- 4 afflicted with any infectious or contagious disease to some suitable
- 5 place to be provided for that purpose;
- 6 (30) To declare what shall be a nuisance, and to abate the same, 7 and to impose fines upon parties who may create, continue, or suffer 8 nuisances to exist;
- 9 (31) To regulate the selling or giving away of intoxicating, malt, 10 vinous, mixed, or fermented liquors as authorized by the general laws 11 of the state: PROVIDED, That no license shall be granted to any person 12 or persons who shall not first comply with the general laws of the 13 state in force at the time the same is granted;
- 14 (32) To grant licenses for any lawful purpose, and to fix by
 15 ordinance the amount to be paid therefor, and to provide for revoking
 16 the same: PROVIDED, That no license shall be granted to continue for
 17 longer than one year from the date thereof;
- (33) To regulate the carrying on within its corporate limits of all occupations which are of such a nature as to affect the public health or the good order of said city, or to disturb the public peace, and which are not prohibited by law, and to provide for the punishment of all persons violating such regulations, and of all persons who knowingly permit the same to be violated in any building or upon any premises owned or controlled by them;
- 25 (34) To restrain and provide for the punishment of vagrants, 26 mendicants, prostitutes, and other disorderly persons;
- 27 (35) To provide for the punishment of all disorderly conduct, and of all practices dangerous to public health or safety, and to make all 28 regulations necessary for the preservation of public morality, health, 29 30 peace, and good order within its limits, and to provide for the arrest, trial, and punishment of all persons charged with violating any of the 31 ordinances of said city. The punishment shall not exceed a fine of 32 33 five thousand dollars or imprisonment in the city jail for one year, or both such fine and imprisonment. The punishment for any criminal 34 35 ordinance shall be the same as the punishment provided in state law for the same crime. Such cities alternatively may provide that violations 36 37 of ordinances constitute a civil violation subject to monetary penalties, but no act which is a state crime may be made a civil 38 39 violation;

p. 7 SHB 1544.SL

1 (36) To project or extend its streets over and across any tidelands 2 within its corporate limits, and along or across the harbor areas of 3 such city, in such manner as will best promote the interests of

4 commerce;

- 5 (37) To provide in their respective charters for a method to 6 propose and adopt amendments thereto.
- 7 **Sec. 5.** RCW 35.23.440 and 1986 c 278 s 4 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 The city council of each second class city shall have power and 10 authority:
- 11 (1) Ordinances: To make and pass all ordinances, orders, and 12 resolutions not repugnant to the Constitution of the United States or 13 the state of Washington, or the provisions of this title, necessary for 14 the municipal government and management of the affairs of the city, for 15 the execution of the powers vested in said body corporate, and for the 16 carrying into effect of the provisions of this title.
- (2) License of shows: To fix and collect a license tax, for the purposes of revenue and regulation, on theatres, melodeons, balls, concerts, dances, theatrical, circus, or other performances, and all performances where an admission fee is charged, or which may be held in any house or place where wines or liquors are sold to the participators; also all shows, billiard tables, pool tables, bowling alleys, exhibitions, or amusements.
- (3) Hotels, etc., licenses: To fix and collect a license tax for the purposes of revenue and regulation on and to regulate all taverns, hotels, restaurants, banks, brokers, manufactories, livery stables, express companies and persons engaged in transmitting letters or packages, railroad, stage, and steamboat companies or owners, whose principal place of business is in such city, or who have an agency therein.
- 31 (4) Peddlers', etc., licenses: To license, for the purposes of 32 revenue and regulation, tax, prohibit, suppress, and regulate all 33 raffles, hawkers, peddlers, pawnbrokers, refreshment or coffee stands, 34 booths, or sheds; and to regulate as authorized by state law all 35 tippling houses, dram shops, saloons, bars, and barrooms.
- 36 (5) Dance houses: To prohibit or suppress, or to license and 37 regulate all dance houses, fandango houses, or any exhibition or show 38 of any animal or animals.

- 1 (6) License vehicles: To license for the purposes of revenue and 2 regulation, and to tax hackney coaches, cabs, omnibuses, drays, market 3 wagons, and all other vehicles used for hire, and to regulate their 4 stands, and to fix the rates to be charged for the transportation of 5 persons, baggage, and property.
- 6 (7) Hotel runners: To license or suppress runners for steamboats, 7 taverns, or hotels.
- 8 (8) License generally: To fix and collect a license tax for the 9 purposes of revenue and regulation, upon all occupations and trades, and all and every kind of business authorized by law not heretofore 11 specified: PROVIDED, That on any business, trade, or calling not 12 provided by law to be licensed for state and county purposes, the 13 amount of license shall be fixed at the discretion of the city council, 14 as they may deem the interests and good order of the city may require.
- 15 (9) Riots: To prevent and restrain any riot or riotous 16 assemblages, disturbance of the peace, or disorderly conduct in any 17 place, house, or street in the city.
- 18 (10) Nuisances: To declare what shall be deemed nuisances; to 19 prevent, remove, and abate nuisances at the expense of the parties 20 creating, causing, or committing or maintaining the same, and to levy 21 a special assessment on the land or premises whereon the nuisance is 22 situated to defray the cost or to reimburse the city for the cost of 23 abating the same.

25

26

27

28

2930

- (11) Stock pound: To establish, maintain, and regulate a common pound for estrays, and to appoint a poundkeeper, who shall be paid out of the fines and fees imposed and collected of the owners of any animals impounded, and from no other source; to prevent and regulate the running at large of any and all domestic animals within the city limits or any parts thereof, and to regulate or prevent the keeping of such animals within any part of the city.
- 31 (12) Control of certain trades: To control and regulate 32 slaughterhouses, washhouses, laundries, tanneries, forges, and 33 offensive trades, and to provide for their exclusion or removal from 34 the city limits, or from any part thereof.
- 35 (13) Street cleaning: To provide, by regulation, for the 36 prevention and summary removal of all filth and garbage in streets, 37 sloughs, alleys, back yards, or public grounds of such city, or 38 elsewhere therein.

p. 9 SHB 1544.SL

- 1 (14) Gambling, etc.: To prohibit and suppress all gaming and all 2 gambling or disorderly houses, and houses of ill fame, and all immoral 3 and indecent amusements, exhibitions, and shows.
- 4 (15) Markets: To establish and regulate markets and market places.
- 5 (16) Speed of railroad cars: To fix and regulate the speed at 6 which any railroad cars, streetcars, automobiles, or other vehicles may 7 run within the city limits, or any portion thereof.
- 8 (17) City commons: To provide for and regulate the commons of the 9 city.
- 10 (18) Fast driving: To regulate or prohibit fast driving or riding 11 in any portion of the city.
- 12 (19) Combustibles: To regulate or prohibit the loading or storage 13 of gunpowder and combustible or explosive materials in the city, or 14 transporting the same through its streets or over its waters.
- (20) Property: To have, purchase, hold, use, and enjoy property of every name or kind whatsoever, and to sell, lease, transfer, mortgage, convey, control, or improve the same; to build, erect, or construct houses, buildings, or structures of any kind needful for the use or purposes of such city.
- 20 (21) Fire department: To establish, continue, regulate, and 21 maintain a fire department for such city, to change or reorganize the 22 same, and to disband any company or companies of the said department; 23 also, to discontinue and disband said fire department, and to create, 24 organize, establish, and maintain a paid fire department for such city.
- 25 (22) Water supply: To adopt, enter into, and carry out means for 26 securing a supply of water for the use of such city or its inhabitants, 27 or for irrigation purposes therein.
- (23) Overflow of water: To prevent the overflow of the city or to secure its drainage, and to assess the cost thereof to the property benefited.
- 31 (24) House numbers: To provide for the numbering of houses.
- (25) Health board: To establish a board of health; to prevent the introduction and spread of disease; to establish a city infirmary and to provide for the indigent sick; and to provide and enforce regulations for the protection of health, cleanliness, peace, and good order of the city; to establish and maintain hospitals within or without the city limits; to control and regulate interments and to prohibit them within the city limits.

- (26) Harbors and wharves: To build, alter, improve, keep in 1 repair, and control the waterfront; to erect, regulate, and repair 2 3 wharves, and to fix the rate of wharfage and transit of wharf, and levy 4 dues upon vessels and commodities; and to provide for the regulation of berths, landing, stationing, and removing steamboats, sail vessels, 5 rafts, barges, and all other watercraft; to fix the rate of speed at 6 7 which steamboats and other steam watercraft may run along the 8 waterfront of the city; to build bridges so as not to interfere with 9 navigation; to provide for the removal of obstructions to the 10 navigation of any channel or watercourses or channels.
- 11 (27) License of steamers: To license steamers, boats, and vessels 12 used in any watercourse in the city, and to fix and collect a license 13 tax thereon.
- 14 (28) Ferry licenses: To license ferries and toll bridges under the 15 law regulating the granting of such license.

17 18

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

3334

35

36

37

38 39

(29) Penalty for violation of ordinances: To provide that violations of ordinances with the punishment for any offense not exceeding a fine of five thousand dollars or imprisonment for more than one year, or both fine and imprisonment, but the punishment for any criminal ordinance shall be the same as the punishment provided in state law for the same crime. Alternatively, such a city may provide that a violation of an ordinance constitutes a civil violation subject to monetary penalties or to determine and impose fines for forfeitures and penalties ((that shall be incurred for the breach or violation of any city ordinance, notwithstanding that the act constituting a violation of any such ordinance may also be punishable under the state laws, and also for a violation of the provisions of this chapter, when no penalty is affixed thereto or provided by law, and to appropriate all such fines, penalties, and forfeitures for the benefit of the city; but no penalty to be enforced shall exceed for any offense the amount of five thousand dollars or imprisonment for one year, or both; and every violation of any lawful order, regulation, or ordinance of the city council of such city is hereby declared a misdemeanor or public offense, and all prosecutions for the same may be in the name of the state of Washington: PROVIDED, That)), but no act which is a state crime may be made a civil violation. A violation of an order, regulation, or ordinance relating to traffic including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses is a traffic infraction, except that violation of an order, regulation, or ordinance equivalent

- 1 to those provisions of Title 46 RCW set forth in RCW 46.63.020 remains
 2 a misdemeanor.
- 3 (30) Police department: To create and establish a city police; to 4 prescribe their duties and their compensation; and to provide for the 5 regulation and government of the same.
- 6 (31) Elections: To provide for conducting elections and 7 establishing election precincts when necessary, to be as near as may be 8 in conformity with the state law.
- 9 (32) Examine official accounts: To examine, either in open session 10 or by committee, the accounts or doings of all officers or other 11 persons having the care, management, or disposition of moneys, 12 property, or business of the city.
- 13 (33) Contracts: To make all appropriations, contracts, or 14 agreements for the use or benefit of the city and in the city's name.
- 15 (34) Streets and sidewalks: To provide by ordinance for the opening, laying out, altering, extending, repairing, grading, paving, 16 planking, graveling, macadamizing, or otherwise improving of public 17 18 streets, avenues, and other public ways, or any portion of any thereof; 19 and for the construction, regulation, and repair of sidewalks and other 20 street improvements, all at the expense of the property to be benefited 21 thereby, without any recourse, in any event, upon the city for any 22 portion of the expense of such work, or any delinquency of the property 23 holders or owners, and to provide for the forced sale thereof for such purposes; to establish a uniform grade for streets, avenues, sidewalks, 24 25 and squares, and to enforce the observance thereof.
- 26 (35) Waterways: To clear, cleanse, alter, straighten, widen, fill 27 up, or close any waterway, drain, or sewer, or any watercourse in such 28 city when not declared by law to be navigable, and to assess the 29 expense thereof, in whole or in part, to the property specially 30 benefited.
- (36) Sewerage: To adopt, provide for, establish, and maintain a 31 general system of sewerage, draining, or both, and the regulation 32 thereof; to provide funds by local assessments on the property 33 benefited for the purpose aforesaid and to determine the manner, terms, 34 35 and place of connection with main or central lines of pipes, sewers, or drains established, and compel compliance with and conformity to such 36 37 general system of sewerage or drainage, or both, and the regulations of said council thereto relating, by the infliction of suitable penalties 38 39 and forfeitures against persons and property, or either, for

- 1 nonconformity to, or failure to comply with the provisions of such 2 system and regulations or either.
- 3 (37) Buildings and parks: To provide for all public buildings, 4 public parks, or squares, necessary or proper for the use of the city.
- 5 (38) Franchises: To permit the use of the streets for railroad or 6 other public service purposes.

8

9

10

22

23

24

25

26

27

- (39) Payment of judgments: To order paid any final judgment against such city, but none of its lands or property of any kind or nature, taxes, revenue, franchise, or rights, or interest, shall be attached, levied upon, or sold in or under any process whatsoever.
- 11 (40) Weighing of fuel: To regulate the sale of coal and wood in 12 such city, and may appoint a measurer of wood and weigher of coal for 13 the city, and define his duties, and may prescribe his term of office, 14 and the fees he shall receive for his services: PROVIDED, That such 15 fees shall in all cases be paid by the parties requiring such service.
- 16 (41) Hospitals, etc.: To erect and establish hospitals and 17 pesthouses and to control and regulate the same.
- 18 (42) Waterworks: To provide for the erection, purchase, or 19 otherwise acquiring of waterworks within or without the corporate 20 limits of the city to supply such city and its inhabitants with water, 21 and to regulate and control the use and price of the water so supplied.
 - (43) City lights: To provide for lighting the streets and all public places of the city and for furnishing the inhabitants of the city with gas, electric, or other light, and for the ownership, purchase or acquisition, construction, or maintenance of such works as may be necessary or convenient therefor: PROVIDED, That no purchase of any such water plant or light plant shall be made without first submitting the question of such purchase to the electors of the city.
- 29 (44) Parks: To acquire by purchase or otherwise land for public 30 parks, within or without the limits of the city, and to improve the 31 same.
- 32 (45) Bridges: To construct and keep in repair bridges, and to 33 regulate the use thereof.
- 34 (46) Power of eminent domain: In the name of and for the use and 35 benefit of the city, to exercise the right of eminent domain, and to 36 condemn lands and property for the purposes of streets, alleys, parks, 37 public grounds, waterworks, or for any other municipal purpose and to 38 acquire by purchase or otherwise such lands and property as may be

- 1 deemed necessary for any of the corporate uses provided for by this 2 title, as the interests of the city may from time to time require.
- 3 (47) To provide for the assessment of taxes: To provide for the 4 assessment, levying, and collecting of taxes on real and personal 5 property for the corporate uses and purposes of the city and to provide 6 for the payment of the debts and expenses of the corporation.
 - (48) Local improvements: To provide for making local improvements, and to levy and collect special assessments on the property benefited thereby and for paying the same or any portion thereof; to determine what work shall be done or improvements made, at the expense, in whole or in part, of the adjoining, contiguous, or proximate property, and to provide for the manner of making and collecting assessments therefor.
- 13 (49) Cemeteries: To regulate the burial of the dead and to 14 establish and regulate cemeteries, within or without the corporate 15 limits, and to acquire lands therefor by purchase or otherwise.
 - (50) Fire limits: To establish fire limits with proper regulations and to make all needful regulations for the erection and maintenance of buildings or other structures within the corporate limits as safety of persons or property may require, and to cause all such buildings and places as may from any cause be in a dangerous state to be put in a safe condition; to regulate the manner in which stone, brick, and other buildings, party walls, and partition fences shall be constructed and maintained.
 - (51) Safety and sanitary measures: To require the owners of public halls, theaters, hotels, and other buildings to provide suitable means of exit and proper fire escapes; to provide for the cleaning and purification of watercourses and canals and for the draining and filling up of ponds on private property within its limits when the same shall be offensive to the senses or dangerous to the health, and to charge the expense thereof to the property specially benefited, and to regulate and control and provide for the prevention and punishment of the defilement or pollution of all streams running in or through its corporate limits and a distance of five miles beyond its corporate limits, and of any stream or lake from which the water supply of the city is or may be taken and for a distance of five miles beyond its source of supply, and to make all quarantine and other regulations as may be necessary for the preservation of the public health and to remove all persons afflicted with any contagious disease to some suitable place to be provided for that purpose.

8

9

10

11 12

16

17

18 19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

3334

35

3637

- 1 (52) To regulate liquor traffic: To regulate the selling or giving 2 away of intoxicating, spirituous, malt, vinous, mixed, or fermented 3 liquors as authorized by the general laws of the state.
- 4 (53) To establish streets on tidelands: To project or extend or establish streets over and across any tidelands within the limits of such city.
 - (54) To provide for the general welfare.

- 8 **Sec. 6.** RCW 35.24.290 and 1986 c 278 s 5 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 The city council of each third class city shall have power:
- 11 (1) To pass ordinances not in conflict with the Constitution and 12 laws of this state or of the United States;
- 13 (2) To prevent and regulate the running at large of any or all 14 domestic animals within the city limits or any part thereof and to 15 cause the impounding and sale of any such animals;
- 16 (3) To establish, build and repair bridges, to establish, lay out, alter, keep open, open, widen, vacate, improve and repair streets, 17 18 sidewalks, alleys, squares and other public highways and places within 19 the city, and to drain, sprinkle and light the same; to remove all obstructions therefrom; to establish and reestablish the grades 20 thereof; to grade, plank, pave, macadamize, gravel and curb the same, 21 22 in whole or in part; to construct gutters, culverts, sidewalks and 23 crosswalks therein or upon any part thereof; to cultivate and maintain 24 parking strips therein, and generally to manage and control all such 25 highways and places; to provide by local assessment for the leveling up and surfacing and oiling or otherwise treating for the laying of dust, 26 all streets within the city limits; 27
- (4) To establish, construct and maintain drains and sewers, and 28 29 shall have power to compel all property owners on streets and alleys or within two hundred feet thereof along which sewers shall have been 30 constructed to make proper connections therewith and to use the same 31 for proper purposes, and in case the owners of the property on such 32 streets and alleys or within two hundred feet thereof fail to make such 33 34 connections within the time fixed by such council, it may cause such connections to be made and assess against the property served thereby 35 36 the costs and expenses thereof;
- 37 (5) To provide fire engines and all other necessary or proper 38 apparatus for the prevention and extinguishment of fires;

- 1 (6) To impose and collect an annual license on every dog within the 2 limits of the city, to prohibit dogs running at large and to provide 3 for the killing of all dogs not duly licensed found at large;
- (7) To license, for the purposes of regulation and revenue, all and every kind of business authorized by law, and transacted and carried on in such city, and all shows, exhibitions and lawful games carried on therein and within one mile of the corporate limits thereof, to fix the rate of license tax upon the same, and to provide for the collection of the same by suit or otherwise;
- 10 (8) To improve rivers and streams flowing through such city, or adjoining the same; to widen, straighten and deepen the channel 11 thereof, and remove obstructions therefrom; to improve the water-front 12 13 of the city, and to construct and maintain embankments and other works to protect such city from overflow; to prevent the filling of the water 14 15 of any bay, except such filling over tide or shorelands as may be 16 provided for by order of the city council; to purify and prevent the pollution of streams of water, lakes or other sources of supply, and 17 for this purpose shall have jurisdiction over all streams, lakes or 18 19 other sources of supply, both within and without the city limits. Such 20 city shall have power to provide by ordinance and to enforce such punishment or penalty as the city council may deem proper for the 21 22 offense of polluting or in any manner obstructing or interfering with the water supply of such city or source thereof; 23
 - (9) To erect and maintain buildings for municipal purposes;
- 25 (10) To permit, under such restrictions as it may deem proper, and 26 to grant franchises for, the laying of railroad tracks, and the running of cars propelled by electric, steam or other power thereon, and the 27 laying of gas and water pipes and steam mains and conduits for 28 underground wires, and to permit the construction of tunnels or subways 29 30 in the public streets, and to construct and maintain and to permit the 31 construction and maintenance of telegraph, telephone and electric lines therein; 32
- (11) In its discretion to divide the city by ordinance, into a convenient number of wards, not exceeding six, to fix the boundaries thereof, and to change the same from time to time: PROVIDED, That no change in the boundaries of any ward shall be made within sixty days next before the date of a general municipal election, nor within twenty months after the wards have been established or altered. Whenever such city is so divided into wards, the city council shall designate by

- 1 ordinance the number of councilmen to be elected from each ward,
- 2 apportioning the same in proportion to the population of the wards.
- 3 Thereafter the councilmen so designated shall be elected by the
- 4 qualified electors resident in such ward, or by general vote of the
- 5 whole city as may be designated in such ordinance. When additional
- 6 territory is added to the city it may by act of the council, be annexed
- 7 to contiguous wards without affecting the right to redistrict at the
- 8 expiration of twenty months after last previous division. The removal
- 9 of a councilman from the ward for which he was elected shall create a
- 10 vacancy in such office;
- 11 (12) To impose fines, penalties and forfeitures for any and all
- 12 violations of ordinances, and for any breach or violation of any
- 13 ordinance to fix the penalty by fine or imprisonment, or both, but no
- 14 such fine shall exceed five thousand dollars nor the term of such
- 15 imprisonment exceed the term of one year, except that the punishment
- 16 for any criminal ordinance shall be the same as the punishment provided
- 17 <u>in state law for the same crime</u>; or to provide that violations of
- 18 ordinances constitute a civil violation subject to monetary penalty,
- 19 but no act that is a state crime may be made a civil violation;
- 20 (13) To establish fire limits, with proper regulations;
- 21 (14) To establish and maintain a free public library;
- 22 (15) To establish and regulate public markets and market places;
- 23 (16) To punish the keepers and inmates and lessors of houses of ill
- 24 fame, gamblers and keepers of gambling tables, patrons thereof or those
- 25 found loitering about such houses and places;
- 26 (17) To make all such ordinances, bylaws, rules, regulations and
- 27 resolutions, not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the
- 28 state of Washington, as may be deemed expedient to maintain the peace,
- 29 good government and welfare of the corporation and its trade, commerce
- 30 and manufactures, and to do and perform any and all other acts and
- 31 things necessary or proper to carry out the provisions of this chapter,
- 32 and to enact and enforce within the limits of such city all other
- 33 local, police, sanitary and other regulations as do not conflict with
- 34 general laws;
- 35 (18) To license steamers, boats and vessels used in any bay or
- 36 other watercourse in the city and to fix and collect such license; to
- 37 provide for the regulation of berths, landings, and stations, and for
- 38 the removing of steamboats, sail boats, sail vessels, rafts, barges and
- 39 other watercraft; to provide for the removal of obstructions to

- 1 navigation and of structures dangerous to navigation or to other
- 2 property, in or adjoining the waterfront, except in municipalities in
- 3 counties in which there is a city of the first class.
- 4 **Sec. 7.** RCW 35.27.370 and 1986 c 278 s 6 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 The council of said town shall have power:
- 7 (1) To pass ordinances not in conflict with the Constitution and 8 laws of this state, or of the United States;
- 9 (2) To purchase, lease or receive such real estate and personal 10 property as may be necessary or proper for municipal purposes, and to 11 control, dispose of and convey the same for the benefit of the town; to 12 acquire, own, and hold real estate for cemetery purposes either within or without the corporate limits, to sell and dispose of such real 13 14 estate, to plat or replat such real estate into cemetery lots and to 15 sell and dispose of any and all lots therein, and to operate, improve 16 and maintain the same as a cemetery;
- 17 (3) To contract for supplying the town with water for municipal purposes, or to acquire, construct, repair and manage pumps, aqueducts, reservoirs, or other works necessary or proper for supplying water for use of such town or its inhabitants, or for irrigating purposes therein;
- 22 (4) To establish, build and repair bridges, to establish, lay out, 23 alter, widen, extend, keep open, improve, and repair streets, 24 sidewalks, alleys, squares and other public highways and places within 25 the town, and to drain, sprinkle and light the same; to remove all 26 obstructions therefrom; to establish the grades thereof; to grade, pave, plank, macadamize, gravel and curb the same, in whole or in part, 27 and to construct gutters, culverts, sidewalks and crosswalks therein, 28 29 or on any part thereof; to cause to be planted, set out and cultivated trees therein, and generally to manage and control all such highways 30 31 and places;
- 32 (5) To establish, construct and maintain drains and sewers, and 33 shall have power to compel all property owners on streets along which 34 sewers are constructed to make proper connections therewith, and to use 35 the same for proper purposes when such property is improved by the 36 erection thereon of a building or buildings; and in case the owners of 37 such improved property on such streets shall fail to make such 38 connections within the time fixed by such council, they may cause such

- 1 connections to be made, and to assess against the property in front of 2 which such connections are made the costs and expenses thereof;
- 3 (6) To provide fire engines and all other necessary or proper 4 apparatus for the prevention and extinguishment of fires;
- 5 (7) To impose and collect an annual license on every dog within the 6 limits of the town, to prohibit dogs running at large, and to provide 7 for the killing of all dogs found at large and not duly licensed;
- 8 (8) To levy and collect annually a property tax, for the payment of 9 current expenses and for the payment of indebtedness (if any 10 indebtedness exists) within the limits authorized by law;
- (9) To license, for purposes of regulation and revenue, all and 11 every kind of business, authorized by law and transacted and carried on 12 in such town; and all shows, exhibitions and lawful games carried on 13 14 therein and within one mile of the corporate limits thereof; to fix the 15 rate of license tax upon the same, and to provide for the collection of the same, by suit or otherwise; to regulate, restrain, or prohibit the 16 running at large of any and all domestic animals within the city 17 18 limits, or any part or parts thereof, and to regulate the keeping of 19 such animals within any part of the city; to establish, maintain and regulate a common pound for estrays, and to appoint a poundkeeper, who 20 shall be paid out of the fines and fees imposed on, and collected from, 21 the owners of any impounded stock; 22
 - (10) To improve the rivers and streams flowing through such town or adjoining the same; to widen, straighten and deepen the channels thereof, and to remove obstructions therefrom; to prevent the pollution of streams or water running through such town, and for this purpose shall have jurisdiction for two miles in either direction; to improve the waterfront of the town, and to construct and maintain embankments and other works to protect such town from overflow;
 - (11) To erect and maintain buildings for municipal purposes;

24

25

26

2728

29

30

31 (12) To grant franchises or permits to use and occupy the surface, the overhead and the underground of streets, alleys and other public 32 ways, under such terms and conditions as it shall deem fit, for any and 33 34 all purposes, including but not being limited to the construction, 35 maintenance and operation of railroads, street railways, transportation systems, water, gas and steam systems, telephone and telegraph systems, 36 37 electric lines, signal systems, surface, aerial and underground 38 tramways;

- 1 (13) To punish the keepers and inmates and lessors of houses of ill 2 fame, and keepers and lessors of gambling houses and rooms and other 3 places where gambling is carried on or permitted, gamblers and keepers 4 of gambling tables;
- (14) To impose fines, penalties and forfeitures for any and all 5 violations of ordinances, and for any breach or violation of any 6 7 ordinance, to fix the penalty by fine or imprisonment, or both; but no 8 such fine shall exceed five thousand dollars, nor the term of 9 imprisonment exceed one year, except that the punishment for any criminal ordinance shall be the same as the punishment provided in 10 state law for the same crime; or to provide that violations of 11 ordinances constitute a civil violation subject to a monetary penalty, 12 but no act which is a state crime may be made a civil violation; 13
- 14 (15) To operate ambulance service which may serve the town and 15 surrounding rural areas and, in the discretion of the council, to make 16 a charge for such service;
- 17 (16) To make all such ordinances, bylaws, rules, regulations and 18 resolutions not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the 19 state of Washington, as may be deemed expedient to maintain the peace, 20 good government and welfare of the town and its trade, commerce and 21 manufacturers, and to do and perform any and all other acts and things 22 necessary or proper to carry out the provisions of this chapter.
- 23 **Sec. 8.** RCW 35A.11.020 and 1986 c 278 s 7 are each amended to read 24 as follows:

25 The legislative body of each code city shall have power to organize 26 and regulate its internal affairs within the provisions of this title 27 and its charter, if any; and to define the functions, powers, and duties of its officers and employees; within the limitations imposed by 28 29 vested rights, to fix the compensation and working conditions of such officers and employees and establish and maintain civil service, or 30 merit systems, retirement and pension systems not in conflict with the 31 provisions of this title or of existing charter provisions until 32 33 changed by the people: PROVIDED, That nothing in this section or in 34 this title shall permit any city, whether a code city or otherwise, to enact any provisions establishing or respecting a merit system or 35 36 system of civil service for firemen and policemen which does not substantially accomplish the same purpose as provided by general law in 37 chapter 41.08 RCW for firemen and chapter 41.12 RCW for policemen now 38

or as hereafter amended, or enact any provision establishing or 1 respecting a pension or retirement system for firemen or policemen which provides different pensions or retirement benefits than are 4 provided by general law for such classes.

2

3

16

17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24

25

26

27

28

29

Such body may adopt and enforce ordinances of all kinds relating to 5 and regulating its local or municipal affairs and appropriate to the 6 7 good government of the city, and may impose penalties of fine not 8 exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisonment for any term not 9 exceeding one year, or both, for the violation of such ordinances, 10 constituting a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor as provided therein. However, the punishment for any criminal ordinance shall be the same as 11 the punishment provided in state law for the same crime. Such a body 12 alternatively may provide that violation of such ordinances constitutes 13 a civil violation subject to monetary penalty, but no act which is a 14 15 state crime may be made a civil violation.

The legislative body of each code city shall have all powers possible for a city or town to have under the Constitution of this state, and not specifically denied to code cities by law. By way of illustration and not in limitation, such powers may be exercised in regard to the acquisition, sale, ownership, improvement, maintenance, protection, restoration, regulation, use, leasing, disposition, vacation, abandonment or beautification of public ways, real property of all kinds, waterways, structures, or any other improvement or use of real or personal property, in regard to all aspects of collective bargaining as provided for and subject to the provisions of chapter 41.56 RCW, as now or hereafter amended, and in the rendering of local social, cultural, recreational, educational, governmental, or corporate services, including operating and supplying of utilities and municipal services commonly or conveniently rendered by cities or towns.

30 In addition and not in limitation, the legislative body of each 31 code city shall have any authority ever given to any class of municipality or to all municipalities of this state before or after the 32 33 enactment of this title, such authority to be exercised in the manner provided, if any, by the granting statute, when not in conflict with 34 35 this title. Within constitutional limitations, legislative bodies of code cities shall have within their territorial limits all powers of 36 37 taxation for local purposes except those which are expressly preempted by the state as provided in RCW 66.08.120, 82.36.440, 48.14.020, and 38 39 48.14.080.

1 **Sec. 9.** RCW 36.32.120 and 1989 c 378 s 39 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

The legislative authorities of the several counties shall:

- 4 (1) Provide for the erection and repairing of court houses, jails, 5 and other necessary public buildings for the use of the county;
- 6 (2) Lay out, discontinue, or alter county roads and highways within 7 their respective counties, and do all other necessary acts relating 8 thereto according to law, except within cities and towns which have 9 jurisdiction over the roads within their limits;
- (3) License and fix the rates of ferriage; grant grocery and other licenses authorized by law to be by them granted at fees set by the legislative authorities which shall not exceed the costs of administration and operation of such licensed activities;
- 14 (4) Fix the amount of county taxes to be assessed according to the 15 provisions of law, and cause the same to be collected as prescribed by 16 law: PROVIDED, That the legislative authority of a county may permit 17 all moneys, assessments, and taxes belonging to or collected for the use of the state or any county, including any amounts representing 18 19 estimates for future assessments and taxes, to be deposited by any taxpayer prior to the due date thereof with the treasurer or other 20 legal depository for the benefit of the funds to which they belong to 21 be credited against any future tax or assessment that may be levied or 22 become due from the taxpayer: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the taxpayer, 23 24 with the concurrence of the county legislative authority, may designate 25 the particular fund against which such prepayment of future tax or 26 assessment shall be credited;
- (5) Allow all accounts legally chargeable against the county not otherwise provided for, and audit the accounts of all officers having the care, management, collection, or disbursement of any money belonging to the county or appropriated to its benefit;
- 31 (6) Have the care of the county property and the management of the 32 county funds and business and in the name of the county prosecute and 33 defend all actions for and against the county, and such other powers as 34 are or may be conferred by law;
- 35 (7) Make and enforce, by appropriate resolutions or ordinances, all 36 such police and sanitary regulations as are not in conflict with state 37 law, and within the unincorporated area of the county may adopt by 38 reference Washington state statutes and recognized codes and/or 39 compilations printed in book form relating to the construction of

buildings, the installation of plumbing, the installation of electric 1 wiring, health, or other subjects, and may adopt such codes and/or 2 compilations or portions thereof, together with amendments thereto, or 3 4 additions thereto: PROVIDED, That except for Washington state 5 statutes, there shall be filed in the county auditor's office one copy of such codes and compilations ten days prior to their adoption by 6 7 reference, and additional copies may also be filed in library or city 8 offices within the county as deemed necessary by the county legislative 9 authority: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no such regulation, code, 10 compilation, and/or statute shall be effective unless before its adoption, a public hearing has been held thereon by the county 11 legislative authority of which at least ten days' notice has been 12 Any violation of such regulations, ordinances, codes, 13 given. compilations, and/or statutes or resolutions shall constitute a 14 15 misdemeanor or a civil violation subject to a monetary penalty: PROVIDED FURTHER, That violation of a regulation, ordinance, code, 16 compilation, and/or statute relating to traffic including parking, 17 standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses is a traffic infraction, 18 19 except that violation of a regulation, ordinance, code, compilation, 20 and/or statute equivalent to those provisions of Title 46 RCW set forth in RCW 46.63.020 remains a misdemeanor. However, the punishment for 21 22 any criminal ordinance shall be the same as the punishment provided in 23 state law for the same crime and no act that is a state crime may be 24 made a civil violation. The notice must set out a copy of the proposed 25 regulations or summarize the content of each proposed regulation; or if 26 a code is adopted by reference the notice shall set forth the full 27 official title and a statement describing the general purpose of such code. For purposes of this subsection, a summary shall mean a brief 28 29 description which succinctly describes the main points of the proposed 30 regulation. When the county publishes a summary, the publication shall 31 include a statement that the full text of the proposed regulation will be mailed upon request. An inadvertent mistake or omission in 32 publishing the text or a summary of the content of a proposed 33 34 regulation shall not render the regulation invalid if it is adopted. 35 The notice shall also include the day, hour, and place of hearing and must be given by publication in the newspaper in which legal notices of 36 37 the county are printed;

38 (8) Have power to compound and release in whole or in part any debt 39 due to the county when in their opinion the interest of their county

- 1 will not be prejudiced thereby, except in cases where they or any of
- 2 them are personally interested;
- 3 (9) Have power to administer oaths or affirmations necessary in the
- 4 discharge of their duties and commit for contempt any witness refusing
- 5 to testify before them with the same power as district judges.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** The following acts or parts of acts are 7 each repealed:
- 8 (1) RCW 35.24.230 and 1965 c 7 s 35.24.230; and
- 9 (2) RCW 35.27.320 and 1965 c 7 s 35.27.320.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** This act shall take effect July 1, 1994.

Passed the House March 11, 1993.

Passed the Senate April 6, 1993.

Approved by the Governor April 21, 1993.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 21, 1993.